

Financial Statements

Hope and Healing International

June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

Doane Grant Thornton LLP

Suite 400 123 Commerce Valley Drive East Markham, ON L3T 7W8

T +1 416 366 0100 F +1 905 475 8906

To the Members of Hope and Healing International

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hope and Healing International (the "Organization"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024 and the consolidated statements of operations, fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at June 30, 2024 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with ASNPO and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Markham, Canada November 30, 2024 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

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Hope and Healing International Consolidated Statement of Operations Year ended June 30

| | | | | | | | | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-------------------|-----------|---------------|----|----------------|----|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | ternally | | | | | | |
| | Operating Fund | Restricte | <u>d Fund</u> | Ca | apital Fund | | Nia | Consolidated | Consolidated |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions | \$ 11,896,659 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 11,896,659 | \$ 11,300,673 |
| Donations-in-kind | 19,943,657 | | - | | - | | - | 19,943,657 | 19,656,659 |
| Bequests | 2,521,683 | | - | | - | | - | 2,521,683 | 2,215,570 |
| Investment income | 1,254,945 | | 70,281 | | - | | - | 1,325,226 | 483,801 |
| Annuity and trust income | 51,680 | | - | | - | | - | 51,680 | 133,056 |
| Other | 919 | | | | | | 51,013 | 51,932 | 96,951 |
| | 35,669,543 | | 70,281 | | _ | | 51,013 | 35,790,837 | 33,886,710 |
| Expenditures (Note 7) | | | | | | | | | |
| International Programs | 27,201,508 | | _ | | _ | | 183,429 | 27,384,937 | 29,455,047 |
| Canadian Programs - Educational and Spiritual | 2,380,195 | | - | | - | | - | 2,380,195 | 2,512,996 |
| Ŭ I | 29,581,703 | | - | | _ | | 183,429 | 29,765,132 | 31,968,043 |
| Cupporting Ministrias | | | | | | | | | |
| Supporting Ministries Fundraising/marketing | 4,365,807 | | | | | | | 4,365,807 | 4,527,048 |
| General and administrative support | 1,352,836 | | _ | | - | | 81,690 | 1,434,526 | 1,409,319 |
| Amortization | 1,332,030 | | _ | | 297,464 | | 61,090 | 297,464 | 297,934 |
| Amortization | 5,718,643 | | | | 297,464 | - | 81,690 | 6,097,797 | 6,234,301 |
| | | | | | | | <u>.</u> | | |
| | <u>35,300,346</u> | | | | <u>297,464</u> | | <u> 265,119</u> | <u>35,862,929</u> | <u>38,202,344</u> |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenditures before other items | s 369,197 | | 70,281 | | (297,464) | | (214,106) | (72,092) | (4,315,634) |
| Grant to Nia | (228,071) | | | | | | 228,071 | | |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenditures | \$ 141,126 | \$ | 70,281 | \$ | (297,464) | \$ | 13,965 | \$ (72,092) | \$ (4,315,634) |

Hope and Healing International Consolidated Statement of Fund Balances

Year ended June 30

| | | | | | | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | Operating Fund | Externally Restricted Fund | Reserve Fund | Capital Fund | | Nia Consolidated | <u>Consolidated</u> |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | \$ 8,589,903 | \$ 2,307,377 | \$ 4,074,038 | \$ 1,479,703 | \$ 9 | ,657 \$ 16,460,678 | \$ 20,776,312 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenditures | 141,126 | 70,281 | - | (297,464) | 13 | ,965 (72,092) | (4,315,634) |
| Purchase of capital assets | (84,862) | | <u>-</u> | 84,862 | | <u> </u> | _ |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ 8,646,167 | \$ 2,377,658 | \$ 4,074,038 | \$ 1,267,101 | \$ 23 | ,622 \$ 16,388,586 | \$ 16,460,678 |

Hope and Healing International Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2024

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 2024 | | 2023 |
|--|----|----------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|------------|----|-------------|----|----------------|----|---------------------|------------|--------------------|
| | | Operating Fund | | Externally Restricted Fund | Re | serve Fund | Ca | apital Fund | | Nia | Co | onsolidat <u>ed</u> | <u>C</u> c | onsolidated |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | • | 000 | • | | • | | \$ | 129,615 | \$ | 5,524,309 | \$ | 5,365,524 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 5,394,456 | \$ | 238 2,930,859 | \$ | 4,074,038 | \$ | _ | Þ | 129,015 | Φ | 9,209,150 | Ψ | 8,538,594 |
| Investments (Note 3) | | 2,204,253 202,159 | | 2,930,659 | | 4,074,036 | | _ | | _ | | 202,159 | | 252,982 |
| Accounts receivable | | 1,121,073 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | 1,121,073 | | 1,957,373 |
| Donations-in-kind Project advance | | 142,903 | | _ | | - | | - | | _ | | 142,903 | | 152,143 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 83,920 | | - | | _ | | - | | _ | | 83,920 | | 87,012 |
| Flehaid exhelises | | 9,148,764 | | 2,931,097 | | 4,074,038 | | | | 129,615 | | 16,283,514 | | 16,353,628 |
| . Capital assets (Note 4) | | | | | | <u>-</u> | | 1,267,101 | | | _ | 1,267,1 <u>01</u> | | 1,479,703 |
| , | \$ | 9,148,764 | \$ | 2,931,097 | \$ | 4,074,038 | \$ | 1,267,101 | \$ | 129,615 | \$ | 17,550,615 | \$ | 17,833,331 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | • | | | | · *** · | | |
| Current | | - | | | _ | | _ | | _ | 40.400 | | ED4 700 | \$ | 770.054 |
| Accounts payable and accrued fiabilities (Note 5) | \$ | 502,597 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 19,129 | \$ | 521,726 46,697 | Þ | 770,951 51,931 |
| Gift annuities | | - | | 46,697 | | - | | - | | 86,86 <u>4</u> | | 86,8 <u>64</u> | | 36,990 |
| Deferred income | | 502,597 | _ | 46,697 | _ | | | | | 105,993 | _ | 655,287 | _ | 859,872 |
| | | 302,397 | | 40,001 | | _ | | | | 100,000 | | , | | , |
| Annuities and trusts (Note 6) | | | | 400 455 | | | | | | _ | | 185,455 | | 258,168 |
| Gift annuities | | - | | 185,455 82,614 | | - | | _ | | _ | | 82,614 | | 75,500 |
| Trust agreements | | - | | 238,673 | | - | | | | - | | 238,673 | | 179,113 |
| Deferred income | _ | | _ | 506,742 | | | | | | | | 506,742 | | 512,781 |
| | | 50 <u>2,597</u> | | 553,439 | | | | - | | 105,993 | | 1,162,029 | | 1,372,653 |
| | | 002,001 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund Balances | | _ | | _ | | | | 1,267,101 | | _ | | 1,267,101 | | 1,479,703 |
| Invested in capital assets Externally restricted | | _ | | 2,377,658 | | _ | | -,20,,.51 | | _ | | 2,377,658 | | 2,307,377 |
| Internally restricted | | | | _,0,7,000 | | 4,074,038 | | _ | | _ | | 4,074,038 | | 4,074,038 |
| Unrestricted | | 8,646, <u>167</u> | | | _ | | | | | 23,622 | | 8,669,789 | _ | 8,599,560 |
| OTHER DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE | | 8,646,167 | _ | 2,377,658 | | 4,074,038 | | 1,267,101 | | 23,622 | | 16,388,586 | _ | 16,460,6 <u>78</u> |
| • | \$ | 9,148,764 | \$ | 2,931,097 | \$ | 4,074,038 | \$ | 1,267,101 | \$ | 129,615 | \$ | 17,550,615 | \$ | 17,833,33 |

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Brenda Ben, Board Chair

D. Gale

Don Gerke, Treasurer

Hope and Healing International Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---|---|
| Increase (decrease) in cash | | |
| Operating Deficiency of revenue over expenditures Item not affecting cash: | \$ (72,092) | \$ (4,315,634) |
| Amortization of capital assets | 297,464 | 297,934 |
| | 225,372 | (4,017,700) |
| Change in non-cash operating working capital items: Accounts receivable Donations-in-kind Project advance Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Gift annuities Trust agreements Deferred income | 50,823 836,300 9,240 3,092 (249,225) (77,947) 7,114 109,434 688,831 | 7,192 1,816,407 613,400 68,700 (287,101) (174,664) (1,687) 44,788 2,087,035 |
| Investing Net change in investments Purchase of capital assets | (670,556) (84,862) (755,418) | 274,822 (90,524) 184,298 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 158,785 | (1,746,367) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 5,365,524 | 7,111,891 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ 5,524,309 | \$ 5,365,524 |
| Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash Canadian money market mutual funds | \$ 1,924,170 3,600,139 \$ 5,524,309 | \$ 2,165,524 3,200,000 \$ 5,365,524 |

June 30, 2024

1. Nature of operations

Hope and Healing International (the "Organization") is a religious, charitable, not-for-profit corporation without share capital, registered by the Canada Revenue Agency for tax receipting purposes. The consolidated financial statements present the consolidated financial position and results of operations conducted by the Canadian organization world-wide.

The Organization is an international Christian development organization, committed to bringing hope and healing and improving the quality of life of persons with disabilities in the poorest countries of the world.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements present, in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenue, expenditures and cash flows of the Organization and its controlled entities.

Nia Technologies Inc. (Nia) commenced operations effective July 21, 2015. It is controlled by the Organization by virtue of the Organization being its sole member and consolidated within these financial statements.

Fund accounting

The accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting, whereby fund balances of the Organization are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds to be used as determined by the Organization or donors.

The operating fund reports the activity related to the operations and administration of the Organization.

The externally restricted fund reports the activity related to the planned giving operations of the Organization for which contributions have been externally restricted by the donor. The capital fund reports the activity related to the capital assets of the Organization. The Nia fund reports the activity related to Nia.

The internally restricted reserve fund was established by the Board of Directors (the "Board") in 2020. The reserve fund is only to be used when approved by the Board for items they deem necessary. The intent is to have funds available to fund charitable operations in times of financial difficulty. The reserve is to be funded through transfers from unrestricted net assets that are sourced from operational surpluses.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions. Contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis and includes interest income, dividends, realized gains and losses on sale of investments and changes in unrealized gains and losses on investments.

June 30, 2024

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Deferred income relates to unrealized gains and losses within investment holdings pertaining to gift annuities received but not yet earned.

Donations-in-kind

Donations-in-kind are valued at fair value at the date of contribution when easily determinable and included as revenue and assets of the Organization. When distributed, donations-in-kind are expensed; and the asset is written off.

Contributed services

Volunteer services contributed to the Organization in carrying out its operating activities are not recognized in these financial statements due to the difficulty in determining their fair value.

Capital assets

Capital assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated based upon the estimated useful life of the assets on a straight-line basis at the following annual rates:

Leasehold improvements - over 10 years
Furniture and other equipment - over 5 years
Computer equipment - over 3 years

Capital assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset might be impaired. The assets are tested for impairment by comparing the net carrying value to their fair value or replacement cost. If the asset's fair value or replacement cost is determined to be less than its net carrying value, the resulting impairment is reported in the consolidated statement of operations. Any impairment recognized is not reversed.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Areas requiring the use of significant estimates include the estimated value of donations-in-kind recognized in revenue, the valuation of investments, the useful life of capital assets, accrued liabilities, allocated expenses and the measurement of the annuity obligation. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

June 30, 2024

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Allocation of expenditures

The Organization engages in international programs, Canadian programs, education and fundraising programs. The Organization also incurs various general and administrative support expenditures that are common to the administration of the Organization and each of its programs. All costs that are allocated relate to general and administrative support expenditures.

With respect to general and administrative support expenditures, the appropriate basis of allocating each component expenditure is identified and applied on a consistent basis each year. Corporate governance and general management expenses are not allocated. Other general and administrative support expenses are allocated on the following basis:

- Facilities costs are allocated proportionately on the basis of office space utilization.
- Human resources, information technology, accounting support service costs and remaining general and administrative support expenditures are allocated proportionately on the basis of hours incurred directly in undertaking each function.

Financial instruments

Measurement of Financial Instruments

The Organization's financial instruments are comprised of cash, investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, gift annuities and trust agreements. The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities from arm's length transactions at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Organization subsequently measures all of its financial assets and liabilities from arm's length transactions at amortized cost, except investments in an active market which are measured at fair value using the closing price at year end.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Organization assesses whether there are any indications that a financial asset measured at amortized cost may be impaired. If such impairment exists, the asset is written down; and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Previously recognized impairment losses are reversed to the extent of the improvement provided the asset is not carried at an amount, at the date of the reversal, greater than the amount that would have been the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized previously. The amounts of any reversal are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Financial instruments in related party transactions

Financial assets or liabilities in related party transactions are initially measured at cost. The Organization does not have any financial assets or liabilities in related party transactions which are initially measured at fair value.

These instruments are subsequently measured based on how the Organization initially measured the instrument. Financial instruments initially measured at cost are subsequently measured at cost, less any impairment for financial assets.

June 30, 2024

| 3. Investments | | | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Equities Domestic Foreign Fixed income Cash and cash equivalents | | | \$ 6,554,802 902,246 1,697,242 54,860 \$ 9,209,150 | \$ 5,067,627 770,684 2,682,798 17,485 \$ 8,538,594 |
| 4. Capital assets | | | | |
| Leasehold improvements | Cost \$ 1,604,338 | Accumulated Amortization \$ 501,800 | 2024 Net Book Value \$ 1,102,538 | 2023 Net Book Value \$ 1,262,975 |
| Furniture and other equipment Computer equipment | 235,328 470,551 \$ 2,310,217 | 151,328 389,988 \$ 1,043,116 | 84,000 80,563 \$ 1,267,101 | 131,261 85,467 \$ 1,479,703 |

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$115,364 (2023 - \$112,369) of government remittances payable.

6. Gift annuities and trust agreements

Gift annuities

The Organization has entered into irrevocable gift annuity agreements with donors desirous of making a charitable donation to the Organization. Payments at guaranteed rates are made during the lifetime of the annuitant. On the death of the annuitant, the balance of funds remain the property of the Organization and are recorded as revenue at that time.

Trust agreements

The Organization has established revocable and irrevocable trust agreements as a form of deferred giving. Under the terms of the agreements, interest earned is paid to the donor/investor. At the time of the donor/investor's death, the principal becomes available for ministry purposes.

June 30, 2024

7. Allocation of expenses

General and administrative support expenses are stated after allocation of the following amounts:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| International programs Canadian Programs – Educational and Spiritual Fundraising/marketing | \$ 222,439 292,323 373,786 | \$ 207,135 284,162 351,330 |
| | \$ 888,548 | \$ 842,627 |

8. Line of credit

The Organization has an \$800,000 (2023 - \$800,000) revolving line of credit which bears interest at the prime rate plus 1.50% and is secured by a direct investment account containing \$9,964,124 (2023 - \$8,879,101) of cash and cash equivalents and investments held at year-end. As at year-end, the Organization has utilized \$Nil (2023 - \$Nil) of the line of credit and has incurred interest costs of \$Nil (2023 - \$Nil) during the year.

9. Commitments

The Organization has operating lease obligations for its premises with future minimum payments as follows:

| 2025 | \$ 175,000 |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2026 | 188,125 |
| 2027 | 201,250 |
| 2028 | 201,250 |
| 2029 | 201,250 |
| Thereafter | 301,875 |
| | |
| | \$ 1,268,750 |

10. Financial instruments

Risks and concentrations

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The Organization's Board has approved a Statement of Investment Policy that provides the guidelines for managing the investments of the Organization. The following analysis provides a summary of the Organization's exposure to and concentrations of risk at June 30, 2024.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed income investments. The Organization manages this risk by staggering the terms of the investments held.

June 30, 2024

10. Financial instruments (continued)

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Organization is exposed to currency risk in holding assets and/or liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, the Organization's functional currency, as the value of the instruments denominated in other currencies will fluctuate in accordance with the applicable exchange rates in effect.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Organization is exposed to price risk on its investments in equities. The Organization mitigates this risk through controls to monitor and limit concentration levels.

Other risks

The Organization's exposure to credit risk is limited, because it does not engage in transactions directly exposed to this risk. The Organization's exposure to liquidity risk is limited because of the near-term maturity of the majority of its short-term investments.